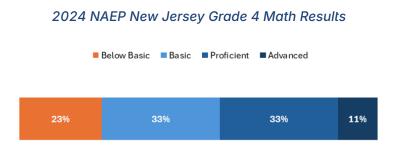
# Solving for success: How to improve math instruction in New Jersey

Math matters. Higher math scores for elementary-age students translate to higher earnings as adults.¹ In fact, math scores predict future earnings better than reading scores. Early math skills are also a strong predictor of success in other subjects, like reading and science, and even predict grade retention from kindergarten through eighth grade.² Math skills are in high demand in the labor market. Among the fastest growing jobs are those that require quantitative skills.³ Despite this evidence for how much math matters, state policy and support for strengthening math instruction severely lags nationwide.

To improve math instruction, we must bolster the capacity of **teachers**, especially before they enter classrooms. The solution starts with strong state policy.

## The stakes for students in New Jersey

In New Jersey, 23% of 4th grade lack basic math knowledge and skills based on the most recent National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP). That percentage is even higher for some of New Jersey's historically underserved students. This means an estimated 20,947 students in 4th grade likely cannot perform skills like adding



and subtracting multidigit whole numbers, fractions, and decimals.

Mathematics knowledge is highly cumulative in nature, meaning that students who struggle to learn foundational math concepts are likely to continue to struggle well into middle and high school.<sup>4</sup> A student who struggles in math early on may never catch up.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Werner, K., Acs, G., & Blagg, K. (2024). *Comparing the Long-Term Impacts of Different Child Well-Being Improvements*. Urban Institute. <a href="https://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/2024-03/Comparing\_the\_Long-Term\_Impacts\_of\_Different\_Child\_Well-Being\_Improvements.pdf">https://www.urban.org/sites/default/files/2024-03/Comparing\_the\_Long-Term\_Impacts\_of\_Different\_Child\_Well-Being\_Improvements.pdf</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Claessens, A., & Engel, M. (2013). How important is where you start? Early mathematics knowledge and later school success. *Teachers College Record*, *115*(6), 1-29.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. (2024, August). Math occupations. *Occupational Outlook Handbook*. <a href="https://www.bls.gov/ooh/math/">https://www.bls.gov/ooh/math/</a>

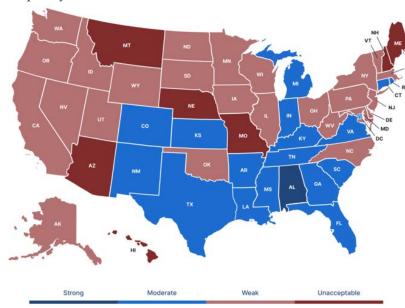
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Watts, T. W., Duncan, G. J., Siegler, R. S., & Davis-Kean, P. E. (2014). The groove of growth: How early gains in math ability influence adolescent achievement. *Society for Research on Educational Effectiveness*; Siegler, R. S., Duncan, G. J., Davis-Kean, P. E., Duckworth, K., Claessens, A., Engel, M., & Chen, M. (2012). Early predictors of high school mathematics achievement. *Psychological Science*, *23*(7), 691-697



## New Jersey's performance on state policies to improve math instruction

NCTQ's State of the States: Five Policy Levers to Improve Math Instruction report provides a framework of actions state policymakers can take to ensure their teacher workforce can implement rigorous standards-aligned math instruction. States fall into one of four categories based on how extensively they have utilized five key policy levers at every stage of a teacher's career—from preparation to the classroom. New Jersey earned a **Weak rating**, meaning the state has a few policies in place across the five policy levers, but there is more to do.





Policy actions are weighted equally. The chart below shows how New Jersey performs across the five policy levers.

## How is New Jersey performing on the five state policy levers?

New Jersey ranks **below** the national average.

1 Sets specific, detailed math standards for teacher preparati	ion programs Unacceptable
2 Reviews teacher preparation programs to ensure they are p strong math instruction	providing Weak
3 Adopts a strong elementary math licensure test	Moderate
4 Requires districts to select high-quality math curricula and skillful implementation	supports Unacceptable
5 Provides professional learning and ongoing support for tead sustain effective math instruction	chers to Unacceptable



## How does New Jersey perform on each of the actions?

To determine the ratings above, NCTQ identified 16 key actions within the five policy levers and analyzed the extent to which states are implementing them. The actions represent policies and practices states should employ to support the implementation of rigorous, high-quality math instruction across the teacher development continuum. This chart outlines New Jersey's performance across all actions.

✓ Yes O Partia	illy × No				
Teacher prep standards	Does the state have math standards for elementary teacher prep programs that cover all four key math content topics (numbers & operations, algebraic thinking, geometry & measurement, data analysis & probability)?				
	Does the state require elementary programs to address math- specific pedagogy?	<b>~</b>			
Prep program approval	Does the state require the review of syllabi and/or coursework for math courses to determine the integration of math standards as part of the program review process?	×			
	Does the state require the inclusion of math experts in the review of teacher prep programs?	×			
	Does the state use math licensure test pass rate data as part of the program review process?	×			
	Does the state maintain full authority over prep program reviews and not permit outside entities to make the final decision on program renewal?	<b>~</b>			
Licensure test	Does the state use at least an acceptable math licensure test for elementary teacher candidates?	<b>~</b>			
	Does the state require all elementary candidates to pass a math licensure test?	×			
	Does the state publish math licensure pass rate data?	<b>~</b>			



✓ Yes O Partial	Ily × No			
High-quality curriculum	Does the state require districts to adopt and implement high- quality math curricula?			
	Does the state provide guidance on how to select high-quality math curricula?	<b>~</b>		
	Does the state collect and publish data on the curricula districts are using?	×		
	Does the state require districts to post their math curricula on their websites?	×		
	Does the state allocate resources to help districts transition to and implement new curricula?	×		
Professional learning & coaching	Does the state financially support high-quality professional learning in mathematics instruction, especially in implementation of high-quality instructional materials?	×		
	Does the state provide financial support to districts for math coaches/specialists?	×		

# **Recommendations for New Jersey**

## **Teacher prep standards:**

- Set specific, detailed math standards for elementary teacher preparation programs for all four core math content topics (numbers and operations, algebraic thinking, geometry & measurement, and data analysis & probability).
- Encourage elementary teacher preparation programs to prioritize math courses designed for educators over traditional higher-level math requirements.

## Prep program approval:

• Review syllabi and/or coursework as part of the program review process to assess whether programs properly address math content standards and pedagogy as part of aspiring teachers' preparation.



- Include math experts as program reviewers, including for on-site reviews.
- Use math licensure test pass rate data to assess whether prep programs are sufficiently preparing aspiring teachers in mathematics content.

#### **Licensure tests:**

• Require all elementary candidates to pass a math licensure test.

## High-quality curricula:

- Require districts to adopt and implement high-quality math instructional materials.
- Collect and publish data on the curricula districts are using.
- Enact a policy that requires districts to publish the math curricula they are using to ensure transparency for parents and the school community.
- Allocate funds to help districts transition to and implement better curricula.

## **Professional learning & coaching**

- Ensure all elementary teachers have access to high-quality professional learning in math instruction, aligned with the use of high-quality instructional materials.
- Provide districts with funds to support math coaches/specialists to improve instruction, and consider how the state can provide training and ongoing support for coaches to promote consistency in math instruction statewide.
- Conduct robust ongoing evaluation of professional learning.

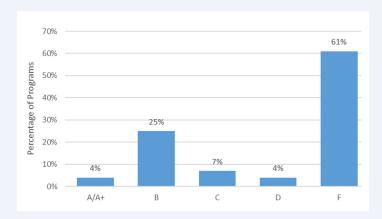
## The current teacher prep landscape in New Jersey

## Elementary math teacher prep

Far too many elementary teacher prep programs fail to dedicate enough instructional time to building aspiring teachers' math knowledge—leaving teachers unprepared and students underserved. Put simply, teachers must deeply understand the math content they want students to learn and must have specialized knowledge about how to teach it (i.e., math pedagogy). This is why strong state policy related to teacher prep is so important.

In New Jersey, NCTQ evaluated 28 elementary prep programs to determine whether they dedicate enough time to key math content topics and pedagogy. The analysis shows New Jersey programs perform among the lowest in the country. (To learn more, see the <u>2025 Teacher Prep</u> Review: Solving for Math Success report.)

## Only 4% of New Jersey programs earn an A or A+ by dedicating adequate instructional time to both math content and pedagogy



NCTQ looks for instructional hours dedicated to math pedagogy and four math content topics:

- Numbers and Operations
- Algebraic Thinking
- Geometry and Measurement
- Data Analysis and Probability

#### Grades are determined by the amount and distribution of instructional time

- A+ Program requires at least 150 instructional hours across the five topics and 100% of the recommended target hours for each topic
- Program requires at least 135 instructional hours across the five topics and at least 90% of the recommended target hours for each topic
- Program requires at least 120 instructional hours (80%) across the five topics
- C Program requires at least 105 instructional hours (70%) across the five topics
- Program requires at least 90 instructional hours (60%) across the five topics D
- Program requires fewer than 90 instructional hours (<60%) across the five topics

## **Teacher Prep Program Grades in New Jersey**

School	Program Level	Grade	Instructional I Numbers & Operations + Algebraic Thinking (combined)	Hour Targets fo  Geometry &  Measurement	r Math Content a  Data Analysis & Probability	and Pedagogy Math Pedagogy
Caldwell University	UG	F	Does Not Meet (6 hours)	Does Not Meet (6 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (32 hours)
Caldwell University	G	F	Does Not Meet (36 hours)	Does Not Meet (16 hours)	Fully Meets (20 hours)	Does Not Meet (12 hours)
Centenary University	UG	CBD	Could not be determined	Could not be determined	Could not be determined	Could not be determined



			Instructional Hour Targets for Math Content and Pedagogy			
School	Program Level	Grade	Numbers & Operations + Algebraic Thinking (combined)	Geometry & Measurement	Data Analysis & Probability	Math Pedagogy
College of New Jersey	UG	А	Approaches (60 hours)	Approaches (24 hours)	Fully Meets (36 hours)	Fully Meets (60 hours)
College of New Jersey	G	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Fairleigh Dickinson University	UG	CBD	Could not be determined	Could not be determined	Could not be determined	Could not be determined
Fairleigh Dickinson University	G	CBD	Could not be determined	Could not be determined	Could not be determined	Could not be determined
Felician University	UG	D	Does Not Meet (38 hours)	Does Not Meet (15 hours)	Does Not Meet (8 hours)	Does Not Meet (38 hours)
Felician University	G	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (38 hours)
Georgian Court University	UG	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Georgian Court University	G	В	Does Not Meet (52 hours)	Does Not Meet (20 hours)	Does Not Meet (12 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Kean University	UG	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (23 hours)
Monmouth University	UG	В	Fully Meets (77 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (13 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Monmouth University	G	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Montclair State University	UG	С	Does Not Meet (32 hours)	Does Not Meet (18 hours)	Does Not Meet (10 hours)	Fully Meets (51 hours)
Montclair State University	G	F	Does Not Meet (15 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Approaches (41 hours)
New Jersey City University	UG	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)
New Jersey City University	G	F	Does Not Meet (36 hours)	Does Not Meet (16 hours)	Fully Meets (20 hours)	Does Not Meet (12 hours)
Ramapo College of New Jersey	UG	В	Approaches (62 hours)	Does Not Meet (11 hours)	Fully Meets (33 hours)	Approaches (44 hours)



				Hour Targets fo	r Math Content a	and Pedagogy
School	Program Level	Grade	Numbers & Operations + Algebraic Thinking (combined)	Geometry & Measurement	Data Analysis & Probability	Math Pedagogy
Rider University	UG	В	Fully Meets (72 hours)	Does Not Meet (18 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Rider University	G	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Rowan University	UG	С	Does Not Meet (53 hours)	Does Not Meet (15 hours)	Fully Meets (23 hours)	Does Not Meet (30 hours)
Rutgers University - Camden	G	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)
Rutgers University - New Brunswick	G	F	Does Not Meet (7 hours)	Does Not Meet (2 hours)	Does Not Meet (2 hours)	Fully Meets (51 hours)
Saint Elizabeth University	UG	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (30 hours)
Saint Peter's University	UG	В	Approaches (63 hours)	Does Not Meet (9 hours)	Fully Meets (18 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
Saint Peter's University	G	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)
Seton Hall University	UG	В	Does Not Meet (57 hours)	Does Not Meet (13 hours)	Fully Meets (19 hours)	Fully Meets (63 hours)
Stockton University	UG	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (60 hours)
William Paterson University of New Jersey	UG	F	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Does Not Meet (0 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)
William Paterson University of New Jersey	G	В	Does Not Meet (52 hours)	Does Not Meet (20 hours)	Does Not Meet (12 hours)	Fully Meets (45 hours)

Questions? Contact Shannon Holston, Chief of Policy at <a href="mailto:sholston@nctq.org">sholston@nctq.org</a> or Ron Noble, Chief of Teacher Prep at <a href="mailto:ron.noble@nctq.org">ron.noble@nctq.org</a>.