Course and Title: Math 1910, Calculus I

Edition Date: Fall 2012 (as of 25 OCT2012)

Course Coordinator: Corlis Robe

Syllabus

Department of Mathematics and Statistics, ETSU

Course Description: Math 1910 is a course on first semester Calculus. We will cover chapters 1-5 from the textbook (functions, limits and continuity, differentiation, applications of derivatives, and integration)). This course is designed to prepare mathematics majors for higher mathematics classes and/or students in other disciplines for the requirements in their own more advanced classes.

Prerequisites: Two years of high school algebra, one year of plane geometry and trigonometry, or Math 1720 (Precalculus II).

Textbook: Thomas' Calculus, Early Transcendentals, 12th edition, by G. Thomas (revised by M. Weir, J. Hass, and F. Giordano). Addison Wesley Publishing Company, 2008

Homework: Every other odd problem from each section (i.e., 1, 5, 9, et cetera).

Graphing Calculators: TI 89 is highly recommended (TI 92 is also suitable).

Grading Procedure:

Tests (three 1:20-hour tests) 50% Final (comprehensive) 25% Quizzes 25%

GATEWAY EXAM: You must pass a "Gateway Exam" to pass math 1910. Pertinent information about this exam is to be found in the webpage http://math.etsu.edu/calculus/gate1htm.htm

Content:

- 1. Review of the concept of function with particular emphasis on exponential functions and logarithms.
- 2. Rates of change and limits. One-sided limits and limits at infinity. Infinite limits and vertical asymptotes.
- 3. Continuity at a point and on an interval. Algebra of continuous functions. Intermediate Value Theorem.
- 4. Tangents and Derivatives.
- 5. The Derivative as a function. Differentiation rules for polynomials, exponentials, products, and quotients. The derivative as a rate of change.
- 6. Derivatives of trigonometric functions. The chain rule. Implicit differentiation.

- 7. Derivative of the exponential function and derivative of the natural logarithm. Derivatives of inverse functions. Derivatives of inverse trigonometric functions.
- 8. Related rates.
- 9. Linearization.
- 10. Absolute maximum and absolute minimum of a function. Local maximum and local minimum. Critical points. Absolute extrema of a continuous function defined on a finite closed interval.
- 11. The Mean Value Theorem and some of its consequences. The first derivative test.
- 12. Concavity. Points of inflection. Second derivative test. Curve sketching. Applied optimization problems.
- 13. Indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rules.
- 14. Newton's method.
- 15. Antiderivatives. Indefinite integrals.
- 16. Estimating areas with finite sums. Limits of finite sums. The definite integral. Area under the graph of a nonnegative function. The average of a function.
- 17. The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus. The Evaluation Theorem.
- 18. Indefinite integrals and the substitution rule.
- 19. Substitution in definite integrals.
- 20. Area between curves.

DEPARTMENTAL ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS:

(approved by department vote on February 28, 1994; revised July 1999*)

The Department of Mathematics strongly advises students to attend all mathematics classes when physically able. Because there is a positive correlation between attendance and student success in mathematics, the following attendance guidelines will be used in all mathematics courses. Regardless of the reasons for the absences, should a student exceed the following limits, the instructor has the authority to assign a grade of FN or W; this policy takes precedence over the grade assignment policy for MATH 1710 and MATH 1530:

- 7 absences for classes scheduled for MWF.
- 5 absences for classes scheduled for TR or MW classes or any other 2 day/night classes.
- 3 absences for classes scheduled for one evening per week.
- 9 absences for all daytime sections of 4-hour classes.
- 5 absences for classes scheduled MTWRF (*Summer Courses).